

Single Set of Learning Objectives Template

Team Name or Number	Indian River State College
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Workforce Training Program	Certified Nursing Assistants (CNA) – Articulated (H170690)

			T							
Week	Workforce Training	Basic Skills Content and	Workforce Prep	Resources and Activities	Required Assessments					
	Content and	Objectives	Activity							
	Objectives									
	01.0 Demonstrate	RLA: comprehend	Communicate	Evaluate various healthcare delivery systems and health occupations. Use handouts to illustrate the	By way of worksheet					
	knowledge of the	explicit details and	clearly,	different systems.	and Quiz describe the					
	healthcare delivery	main ideas in text.	effectively and		healthcare delivery					
	system and health	(R1.a)	with reason.	Watch a <u>video</u> illustrating the different components.	system and health					
	occupations.				occupations. For					
		Make sentence -level	Critical Thinking	Use charts to explain the components.	example, what are the					
	01.07 Identify	inferences about	· ·		components of a					
	characteristics of	details that support	Using	<u>Video</u>	healthcare system?					
	effective teams	main ideas. (R.1.C)	Information							
				Video on healthcare billing	Explain vocabulary that					
		RLA: Interpret words			appears frequently in					
		and phrases that		Mini-lesson on table formatting	the videos that is					
		appear frequently in			associated with the					
		texts, including		Class session on the various types of healthcare providers and the services they provide	healthcare system and					
		determining conative			occupations.					
		and figurative		<u>Video</u>						
		meanings from context	· ·		Using connotative and					
		and analyzing how		Identify a range of services provided to victims of domestic violence.	figurative meanings					
		specific word choices			from context used in					
		shape meaning or		Blackboard Activity	the videos show how					
		tone. (R.3.2; L.4.2)			specific word choices					
					configure meaning and					

	RLA: write clearly and			tone when interacting
	demonstrate sufficient			with patients.
	common standard			·
	English conventions.			Use table format to
	(W.3.)			demonstrate common
	,			methods of payment
	RLA: Make evidence-			for healthcare services,
	based generalizations			i.e. use percentages to
	or hypotheses based			illustrate the difference
	on details in			in pricing.
	PowerPoint			6
	presentation, including			
	clarifications.			
	Math: interpret and			
	create data displays in			
	table format (Q.6).			
02.0 Demonstrate	RLA: Distinguish claims	Critical Thinking	Show video on keys to Effective communication in the healthcare system.	Act out mock scenarios
the ability to	that are supported by	Critical Tilliking	Show wides on keys to Enective communication in the neutricare system.	of vital signs with
communicate and	reason and evidence	Self-	Class evaluation on communication skills	various members of
use interpersonal	from claims that are	Management	Class Evaluation on Communication skins	the health team to
skills effectively.	not. (R.8.c.)	Wanagement	Discuss similar scenarios.	effectively implement a
Skills effectively.	Identify an underlying	Understanding	Discuss similar scenarios.	patient plan.
02.06 use	premise or assumption	Systems	PowerPoint: Understanding the Patient	patient plan.
appropriate medical	in an argument and	Systems	rowerront. Onderstanding the ratient	Quiz: Medical
terminology and	evaluate the logical	Using	Act out mock scenarios of vital signs with various members of the health team to effectively implement	terminologies and
abbreviations	support and evidence	Information –	a patient plan.	abbreviations
appleviations	provided. (R.8.e.)	ADA standards	PowerPoint Presentation	abbreviations
	provided. (K.o.e.)	ADA Stallualus	PowerPoint Presentation	Quiz: Communication
	Math: Whole numbers,		Class discussion on modical terminology and abbraviations	skills
	,		Class discussion on medical terminology and abbreviations	SKIIIS
	decimals, rates,			
	measurement		www.quizlet.com	Create a posterior
	(volume), unit of	,	Construction on Decomposite Decomposite in an accomposition of title	PowerPoint
	measure, converting		Create a poster or PowerPoint Presentation on communication skills.	presentation,
	between units,			illustrating the
	MA.ABE.1: Understand			_
	that the three digits of			importance of
	a three-digit number			communication skills in
	represent amounts of			the healthcare system.

devise a health

OSHA

practicing infection

procedures including

how the argument's claims build on one

SP: Read, interpret, and create a chart to

include visual data to

represent good

control

another.

effective infection control procedures.

Take notes and Q & A on infection control

components for

procedures

In a group activity, compile a report to Identify specific pieces of evidence including

	practice in infection			supportive claims or
	control procedures.			conclusions on
	(SSP.10).			infection control
				procedures.
08.0 Demonstrate	SS: Describe the	Critical Thinking	<u>Video</u>	Take notes
an understanding o	impact the			Q & A: Relationships
information	environment and	Communication	<u>Video</u>	between the
technology	societal development			environment and the
applications in	has on healthcare. For	Using	Videos: How information technology applications are used in healthcare.	effects of technology in
healthcare.	example: how	Information		healthcare.
	technology is used to		Class discussion: the need for healthcare technology applications.	
08.04 Interpret	interpret and sustain	Understanding		Present information in
information from	information from	Systems	Video: <u>Electronic Health Records System</u>	a report illustrating
electronic medical	electronic medical			how the impact of the
documents	documents, and		Class session illustrating to students how to read, interpret and understand electronic medical	environment and
	regulate patients' vital		documents.	societal development
	signs. (G.2 & G.2.c &			has on healthcare. For
	G.2.b.)			example; how
				technology is used to
	SS: Building Solution			interpret and sustain
	Pathways and Lines of			information from
	Reasoning for			electronic medical
	healthcare applications			records, and regulate
	such as, emails and fax.			patients' vital signs.
	(MP.1)			
				Read, interpret and
	Math: Search for and			understand electronic
	recognize entry points			medical documents.
	for solving a problem			
	with patient records.			
	(1-2.b)			
	Math: Plan a solution			
	pathway or outline a			
	line of reasoning for			
	inaccurate information			
	entered in an			

		application system. (1-			
		3.a)			
	09.0 Demonstrate	RLA: Interpret words	Understanding	<u>Video</u>	Take notes on videos
	employability skills.	and phrases that	Information		
		appear frequently in		Videos: Hygiene, attitudes, basic professional standards, etiquette and courtesy etc.	Q & A: Brainstorm
	09.02: Exemplify	the daily routine of a	Employment	Class discussion on videos.	idioms
	basic professional	nursing assistant,	Self-		
	standards of	including determining	Management		Group discussion:
	healthcare workers	connotative and		<u>Video</u>	identifying documents
	as they apply to	figurative language		Class discussion on video	that may be required
	hygiene, dress,	that can shape			when applying for a job
	language,	meaning or		Class session: Writing a resume on the computer and conducting job search.	in healthcare, for
	confidentiality, and	tone. (R.3.2; L.4.2)			example, job
	behavior (i.e.			Handout on job application	application.
	telephone	RLA: Analyze the			
	etiquette, courtesy	structure of texts,		Role play (mock interviews)	write a resume on the
	and self-	including how specific			computer
	introductions)	sentences or			
		paragraphs relate to			Group discussion on
		each other when			how to conduct job
		writing a resume and			search on the
		cover letter. (R.4.)			computer.
					complete ich
		SP: Cite specific textual			complete job application handout.
		evidence in the videos			application handout.
		and job application to			Role Play (interviews)
		support findings and			Note I lay (interviews)
		conclusions. Make a			
		prediction based on			
		your research on			
		employability skills			
		needed in healthcare.			
	10.0 Demonstrate	SP: Understand and	Critical Thinking	Recap on PowerPoint presentation on <u>Preventing Infection</u>	Take notes: preventing
	knowledge of blood	explain bloodborne			infection PowerPoint
	borne diseases,	pathogen diseases	Self -	Video: Bloodborne Pathogen Training	and blood pathogen
	including HIV/AIDS.	within a textual and	Management	Class discussion	Training Video

10.04 Identify "at risk" behaviors which promote the spread of diseases caused by blood pathogens and the public education necessary to combat the spread of these diseases.

graphical scientific presentation. (SP.1.a.)

Using

Information

SP: Determine the meaning of symbols, terms and phrases used when describing bloodborne diseases. (SP.1.b)

SP: Describe statistical data for bloodborne diseases and determine probability of the results (SP.8.a &SP.8.c))

SP: Explain the relationship of DNA, genes, and chromosomes (e.g. description, chromosome splitting during meiosis) in heredity.

RLA: Analyze relationships within texts, including how events are connected to people within the healthcare system. for example, communication blockers, verbal/non verbal signs/symptoms.

Quizlet on blood borne diseases including HIV/AIDS

Class session on community resources and services available to the individuals with diseases caused by blood borne pathogens.

Class session on researching and PowerPoint

Q & A: bloodborne pathogen and preventing infection and relationship of DNA, genes, and chromosomes (e.g. description, chromosome splitting during meiosis) in heredity.

Quizlet on blood borne diseases including HIV/AIDS and Hepatitis B.

PowerPoint
Presentation:
analyze and
Present statistical data,
"at risk" behaviors
which promote the
spread of diseases
caused by blood borne
pathogens and the
public education
necessary to combat
the spread of these
diseases for example
HIV/AIDS

1.1.0 Apply basic skills. In an and science skills. In an an and science skills. In an and science skills. In an and science skills. In an an an and science skills. In an an and science skills. In an an an and science skills. In an an and science skills. In an	111	orida Departificiti di Ludcatio	J11		Division of Career and Addit Education	202.
skills. terms and phrases as they are used in healthcare terminology, i.e., before any other deficient and metric units. Items and phrases as they are used in healthcare terminology, i.e., before and convert using both traditional and metric units. Math: when using a stethoscope to listen to a patient's heartheat, add pulse rate per minute, for example an adult pulse rate is between 60 and 100 beats per minute, count the pulse for 30 seconds and multiply the number by 2 (2,2,a,3) Math: Calculate and use percentages to convert body temperatures from Fahrenheit to Celsius. Calculate from pounds to kilograms (Q,3.) Use units of measurements to measure a patient's urine or emess. (Q,3,c) Compute the area and		11.0 Apply basic	SS: Determine the	Communication	PowerPoint Presentation on Measurement	
they are used in healthcare and convert using both traditional and metric units. Math: when using a stethoscope to listen to a patient's heartheat, add pulse rate be minute, for example an adult pulse rate is between 60 and 100 beats per minute. Count the pulse for 30 seconds and multiply the number by 2 (Q.2.a.) Math: Calculate and use percentages to convert body temperatures from Fahrenheit to Celsius. Calculate from pounds to kilograms (Q.3.) Use units of measurements to measure a patient's urine or emess. (Q.3.) Compute the area and			meaning of symbols,			
11.03 Make, use and convert using both traditional and metric units. Math: when using a stethoscope to listen to a patient's heartheat, add pulse rate per minute, for example an adult pulse rate is between 60 and 100 heats per minute. count the pulse for 30 seconds and multiply the number by 2 (2,0.2.a.) Math: Calculate and use percentages to convert body temperatures from Fahrenheit to Celsius. Calculate from pounds to kilograms (Q.3.) Use units of measurements to measure a patient's urine or emesis. (Q.3.c.) Use units of measurements to measure a patient's urine or emesis. (Q.3.c.) Compute the area and Using terminolagy, i.e., Medicaid and abbreviations etc. Video on Patient Weight and Height Video 2 Video 2 Video on Patient Weight and Height Video 2 Video on Patient Weight and Height Video 2 Video on Patient Weight and Height Video on Patient Weight		skills.	· ·	Utilize Resources	Video on Bedpan and Output	Presentation and
and convert using both traditional and metric units. Wedical and abbreviations etc. Math: when using a stethoscope to listen to a patient's heartbeat, add pulse rate is between 60 and 100 bests per minute. count the pulse for 30 seconds and multiply the number by 2 (Q.2.a.) Math: Calculate and use percentages to convert body temperatures from Fahrenheit to Celsius. Calculate from pounds to kilograms (Q.3.) Use units of measurements to measure a patient's urine or emesis. (Q.3.c.) Compute the area and			they are used in			videos.
both traditional and metric units. Medicaid and abbreviations etc. Math: when using a stethoscope to listen to a patient's heartbeat, add pulse rate per minute, for example an adult pulse rate is between 60 and 100 beats per minute, count the pulse for 30 seconds and multiply the number by 2 (Q.2.a.) Math: Calculate and use percentages to convert body temperatures from Fahrenheit to Celsus. Calculate from pounds to kilograms (Q.3.) Use units of measure a patient's urine or emesis. (Q.3.c.) Compute the area and		11.03 Make, use		Using	Videos on measuring fluid intake	
metric units. Abbreviations etc. Math: when using a stethoscope to listen to a patient? Mock class session on rational numbers, including those involving scientific notation. Convert measurements for urine output. Convert measurement using both traditional and metric units.		and convert using	terminology, i.e.,	Information	<u>Video 1</u>	Q & A session
Math: when using a stethoscope to listen to a patient's heartbeat, add pulse rate is between 60 and 100 beats per minute. count the pulse for 30 seconds and multiply the number by 2 (Q.2.a.) Math: Calculate and use percentages to convert body temperatures from Fahrenheit to Ceslus. Calculate from pounds to kilograms (Q.3.) Use units of measure a patient's urine or emesis. (Q.3.c.) Compute the area and		both traditional and	Medicaid and		<u>Video 2</u>	
Math: when using a stethoscope to listen to a patient's heartbeat, add pulse rate per minute. Convert measurement and 100 beats per minute. count the pulse for 30 seconds and multiply the number by 2 (Q.2.a.) Math: Calculate and use percentages to convert body temperatures from Fahrenheit to Celsius. Calculate from pounds to kilograms (Q.3.) Use units of measurements to measure ements to measure a patient's urine or e mesls. (Q.3.c.) Compute the area and		metric units.	abbreviations etc.			Demonstrate
stethoscope to listen to a patient's heartbeat, add pulse rate per minute, for example an adult pulse rate is between 60 and 100 beats per minute. Count the pulse for 30 seconds and multiply the number by 2 (2(2.2.a)) Math: Calculate and use percentages to convert body temperatures from Fahrenheit to Celsius. Calculate from pounds to kilograms (Q.3.) Use units of measurements to measure ements to measure ements to measure and clarifying technical words used. Mock class session on rational numbers, including those involving scientific notation. Convert measurement to using both traditional and metric units. Class session on inference and clarifying technical words used. Class session on inference and clarifying technical words used. Use a glass thermometer to take temperatures and demonstrate whole numbers and decimals needed to read. Make estimations and approximations and judge the reasonableness of the result in written context, such as patients' vall signs. Use units of measurements to measure a patient's urine or emesis. (Q.3.c.) Compute the area and					Video on Patient Weight and Height	measurements for
to a patient's heartbeat, add pulse rate per minute, for example an adult pulse rate is between 60 and 100 beats per minute. count the pulse for 30 seconds and multiply the number by 2 (Q.2.a.) Math: Calculate and use percentages to convert body temperatures from Fahrenheit to Celsius. Calculate from pounds to kilograms (Q.3.) Use units of measurements to measure a patient's urine or emesis. (Q.3.c.) Class session on inference and clarifying technical words used. Use a glass thermometer to take temperatures and demonstrate whole numbers and decimals needed to read. Make estimations and judge the reasonableness of the result in written context, such as patients' vital signs. Use ratios to calculate. Use ratios to calculate. Use ratios to calculate.			Math: when using a			urine output.
heartbeat, add pulse rate per minute, for example an adult pulse rate is between 60 and 100 beats per minute. count the pulse for 30 seconds and multiply the number by 2 (Q.2.a.) Math: Calculate and use percentages to convert body temperatures from Fahrenheit to Celsius. Calculate from pounds to kilograms (Q.3.) Use units of measurements to measure a patient's urine or emesis. (Q.3.c.) Compute the area and			stethoscope to listen		Mock class session on rational numbers, including those involving scientific notation.	Convert measurement
rate per minute, for example an adult pulse rate is between 60 and 100 beats per minute. Count the pulse for 30 seconds and multiply the number by 2 (Q.2.a.) Math: Calculate and use percentages to convert body temperatures from Fahrenheit to Celsius. Calculate from pounds to kilograms (Q.3.) Use units of measurements to measure a patient's urine or emesis. (Q.3.c.) Compute the area and			to a patient's			using both traditional
example an adult pulse rate is between 60 and 100 beats per minute. count the pulse for 30 seconds and multiply the number by 2 (Q.2.a.) Math: Calculate and use percentages to convert body temperatures from Fahrenheit to Celsius. Calculate from pounds to kilograms (Q.3.) Use units of measurements to measure a patient's urine or emesis. (Q.3.c.) Compute the area and			heartbeat, add pulse		Class session on inference and clarifying technical words used.	and metric units.
rate is between 60 and 100 beats per minute. count the pulse for 30 seconds and multiply the number by 2 (Q.2.a.) Math: Calculate and use percentages to convert body temperatures from Eahrenheit to Celsius. Calculate from pounds to kilograms (Q.3.) Use units of measurements to measure a patient's urine or emesis. (Q.3.c.) Compute the area and			rate per minute, for			
100 beats per minute. count the pulse for 30 seconds and multiply the number by 2 (Q.2.a.) Math: Calculate and use percentages to convert body temperatures from Fahrenheit to Celsius. Calculate from pounds to kilograms (Q.3.) Use units of measurements to measure a patient's urine or emesis. (Q.3.c.) Compute the area and			example an adult pulse		<u>Quizlet</u>	Use a glass
count the pulse for 30 seconds and multiply the number by 2 (Q.2.a.) Math: Calculate and use percentages to convert body temperatures from Fahrenheit to Celsius. Calculate from pounds to kilograms (Q.3.) Use units of measurements to measure a patient's urine or emesis. (Q.3.c.) Compute the area and			rate is between 60 and			thermometer to take
seconds and multiply the number by 2 (Q.2.a.) Math: Calculate and use percentages to convert body temperatures from Fahrenheit to Celsius. Calculate from pounds to kilograms (Q.3.) Use units of measurements to measure a patient's urine or emesis. (Q.3.c.) Compute the area and			100 beats per minute.			temperatures and
the number by 2 (Q.2.a.) Math: Calculate and use percentages to convert body temperatures from Fahrenheit to Celsius. Calculate from pounds to kilograms (Q.3.) Use units of measurements to measure a patient's urine or emesis. (Q.3.c.) Compute the area and			count the pulse for 30			demonstrate whole
Math: Calculate and use percentages to convert body temperatures from Fahrenheit to Celsius. Calculate from pounds to kilograms (Q.3.) Use units of measurements to measure a patient's urine or emesis. (Q.3.c.) Compute the area and			seconds and multiply			numbers and decimals
Math: Calculate and use percentages to convert body temperatures from Fahrenheit to Celsius. Calculate from pounds to kilograms (Q.3.) Use units of measurements to measure a patient's urine or emesis. (Q.3.c.) Compute the area and			the number by			needed to read.
use percentages to convert body temperatures from Fahrenheit to Celsius. Calculate from pounds to kilograms (Q.3.) Use units of measurements to measure a patient's urine or emesis. (Q.3.c.) Compute the area and			2 (Q.2.a.)			
use percentages to convert body temperatures from Fahrenheit to Celsius. Calculate from pounds to kilograms (Q.3.) Use units of measurements to measure a patient's urine or emesis. (Q.3.c.) Compute the area and						
convert body temperatures from Fahrenheit to Celsius. Calculate from pounds to kilograms (Q.3.) Use units of measurements to measure a patient's urine or emesis. (Q.3.c.) Compute the area and			Math: Calculate and			Make estimations and
temperatures from Fahrenheit to Celsius. Calculate from pounds to kilograms (Q.3.) Use units of measurements to measure a patient's urine or emesis. (Q.3.c.) Compute the area and			use percentages to			* *
Fahrenheit to Celsius. Calculate from pounds to kilograms (Q.3.) Use units of measurements to measure a patient's urine or emesis. (Q.3.c.) Compute the area and			convert body			
Calculate from pounds to kilograms (Q.3.) Use units of measurements to measure a patient's urine or emesis. (Q.3.c.) Compute the area and			temperatures from			
to kilograms (Q.3.) Use units of measurements to measure a patient's urine or emesis. (Q.3.c.) Compute the area and			Fahrenheit to Celsius.			
Use units of measurements to measure a patient's urine or emesis. (Q.3.c.) Compute the area and			Calculate from pounds			The state of the s
Use units of measurements to measure a patient's urine or emesis. (Q.3.c.) Compute the area and			to kilograms (Q.3.)			•
measurements to measure a patient's urine or emesis. (Q.3.c.) Compute the area and						Use ratios to calculate.
measure a patient's urine or emesis. (Q.3.c.) Compute the area and			Use units of			
urine or emesis. (Q.3.c.) Compute the area and			measurements to			
(Q.3.c.) Compute the area and			measure a patient's			
Compute the area and			urine or emesis.			
			(Q.3.c.)			
circumference of			Compute the area and			
			circumference of			

	circles when used to			
	measure anti blood			
	clot stockings before			
	and after surgery.			
12.0 Use verbal and	SP.1.b Determine	Understanding	Presentation: Share Model Behavioral Questions	Take notes: Video
written	medical abbreviations,	Systems		
communications	such as TPR		Video: <u>Vital Signs</u>	Q & A: Group
specific to nurse	(temperature, pulse	Teamwork	Class discussion	discussion using verbal
assisting.	and respirations) or BP			and written
	(blood pressure)	Self-	Role play situations using verbal and written communication that are specific to nurse assisting.	communications
12.02 Utilize verbal	(Sp.1.b.)	Management		specific to nurses
and written				assistants, for example:
information to	RLA: Delineate and			medical abbreviations
assist with the	evaluate specific			and terminologies such
patient's plan of	details in a patient			as, TPR & BP etc.
care.	chart, including if the			
	information is credible,			scenario of reading a
	as well as the			patient's vital signs and
	relevance and			discussing their reading
	sufficiency. (R.6.)			or measurement
				of Blood Glucose
	Delineate the specific			testing.
	steps of a conversation			
	with a patient			
	regarding their vital			
	signs and changes that			
	have accrued over			
	time. (R.7.1.)			
	Identify specific pieces			
	of evidence a nursing			
	assistant uses in			
	support of claims or			
	conclusions, for			
	example vital			
	signs. (R.8.a.)			
13.0 Demonstrate	RLA: Evaluate the	Understanding	Blackboard Activity 1	Take notes and Q & A
legal and ethical	relevance and	Systems	PowerPoint Presentation on Residents Rights in Long Term Care.	

responsibilities	sufficiency of evidence		Class discussion	Write an evaluation on
specific to nurse	in state law concerning	Communication		the relevance of
assisting.	rules about CNAs in		Blackboard Activity 2	residents rights and
	Florida. For example;	Utilizing	PowerPoint Presentation on Residents Rights in Long Term Care.	needs in Long Term
13.04 Demonstrate	in-service	Resources	class discussion	Care.
safe standards of	requirements for CNAs,			
patient care	including additional		Blackboard Activity 3	Create a PowerPoint
including	requirements for those		PowerPoint Presentation on Residents Rights in Long Term Care.	Presentation
prevention and	employed in long term		Class discussion	identifying knowledge
quality of care.	care. (R.8.b.)			of state law concerning
				rules regarding being a
	Distinguish between			CNA in Florida. Explain
	written practice and			the in-service
	physical practices			requirements for CNAs,
	within long term care			including additional
	facilities. (R.8.c)			requirements for those
				employed in long term
	SSP: Describe the			care. Describe the
	cause-and-effect of ill			mandatory things that
	treatment of residents			must be reported to
	in long term care.			the Board of Nursing
	(SSP.3.c.)			when licensed.
14.0 Perform	SS: Describe the	Critical Thinking	PowerPoint Presentation: <u>Safety Needs Evaluate Assisting with Safety Needs</u>	Take notes: safety
physical comfort	importance of Accident			needs
and safety functions	Risk Factors, for	Self-	PowerPoint Presentation : <u>safety needs</u>	
specific to nurse	example; Age,	Management		Design a poster
assisting.	Awareness of		Video: Transfer patient from bed to wheelchair.	illustrating patient
	soundings, vision loss	Utilize Resources		safety for example
14.07 Demonstrate	etc. Identify the		Class Session on creating a poster to illustrate patient safety.	transferring a patient
lifting, supporting	significance in			from bed to chair. Use
and transferring	preventing		Presentations	visual sources, such as
patients from bed	Equipment Accidents.			artifacts and
to chair, bed to bed,	(SSP.2b)			photographs for
and bed to				illustration of text.
stretcher, including	SSP: Present			
the use of the	information illustrating			Present poster to class
various assistive	patient safety in a			
devices and	variety of ways, e.g.,			

body). (L.1.a).

Determine the meaning of technical

words and phrases

used in healthcare,

connotative and

including determining

Group work: each group will create a quiz

on patient care.

Quizzes will identify

demonstrate safety,

grooming patients and

assisting patients,

oral hygiene.

	figurative meanings for the context.			
16.0 Perform patient care procedures.	Math: reading Measurement, scales, writing measurements,	Utilize Resources Using Information	Video: Empty Urinary Drainage Bag Video	Q & A discussion on safety procedures when emptying a
16.11 Monitor and provide urinary catheter care and drainage systems.	compare numbers, conventional and metric difference. (Q.3.c) SP: Understand and		Videos: <u>Using Leg Bag and Urinary Measurements</u> Video: <u>Taking Patients Vital Signs</u> Video: <u>The Care Plan & CNA</u>	Demonstrate urine measurements and reading.
	explain textual scientific presentations on sources of nutrients. (SP.I.c.)			Identify and explain other patient care procedures whilst watching video.
	RLA: Discuss the specific procedures needed to take patients vital signs and the importance of patient care in the process. (R.7.1)			In a written report explain the procedures needed to be taken when taking patients vital signs, for example blood pressure and pulse.
17.0 Apply principles of nutrition.	SP: Identify Sources of nutrients needed for a patient (e.g., foods, symbiotic organisms)	Understanding Systems Utilizing	Recap: class discussion on nutrition PowerPoint Presentation on nutrition	Devise a table illustrating food intake, for example: use percentages and
17.05 Monitor and document	and concepts in nutrition (e.g., calories,	Resources	Video: Nutrition and Hydration	subtraction to show the correct amount of
Nutritional Intake.	vitamins, minerals). (L.1.c)	Using Information	Class discussion Video: Fluid Intake	food intake needed per patient.
	Math: Interpret and create data displays for a patients food plan. (Q.6)		Class session: percentages, measurements etc.	Demonstrate a food plan for a patient for a solid and thickened liquid diet. Use ratio

19.0 Apply the	RLA: Comprehend	Communication	Brainstorming ways to prevent infection.	Participate in class
principles of	explicit details and			discussion on
infection control	main ideas in text.	Self-	PowerPoint Presentation: <u>Preventing Infection</u>	preventing infection
specific to nursing	(R.1.b.)	Management		
assisting			Video: Hand Washing	Group discussion on
	Make evidence-based	Using		how individuals can
19.02 Identify the	generalizations or	Information	Chain of Infection Chart	prevent infection, for
chain of infection.	hypotheses based on		Present chart to the class.	example hand washing
	details in text,			etc.
	including clarifications,			
	extensions, or			Devise chain of
	applications of main			infection chart,
	ideas to new			illustrating a pathogen
	situations. (R.1.g.)			(source), Reservoir
				(Carriers), Portal of
	SP: Cite specific textual			exit, Method of
	evidence to support a			transmission, Portal of
	finding or conclusion.			entry and Susceptible
	(SP. 3.a)			host.
				Present chart to class.
20.0 Provide	SS: Produce writing	Using	PowerPoint Presentation: Caring for Persons with Mental Health Disorders	Participate in class
biological,	that develops the	Information		discussion, Caring for
Psychological, and	idea(s), claim(s) and		Class Discussion: Family Roles and Their Significance to Health	Persons with Mental
social support.	/or arguments(s)	Utilizing		Health Disorders
	thoroughly and	Resources	PowerPoint Presentation: <u>Understanding the Patient</u>	
20.1 Discuss family	logically, with well-			Research and write a
roles and their	chosen examples,	Teamwork	Demonstrate how a nursing assistant can provide Psychological and Social support to a patient.	short report on nursing
significance to	facts, or details for			assistance contribution
health.	primary and secondary			to patient
	source documents.			Psychological and
	(SSP: 9.a.)			social support.
	SP: Determine the			Role play scenario of
	meaning of symbols,			how the family assists
	terms and phrases as			with a patient's
	they are used in			biological and social
				needs.

PowerPoint Presentation: Assisting with Restoration Needs

Re-cap restoration needs

Video: Restorative Care

Class discussion

RLA: Edit to eliminate

wordiness or awkward sentence construction.

RLA: Analyze how a

particular sentence,

fits into the overall

contributes to the

development of the

paragraph, or section

structure of a text and

Teamwork

Understanding

Information

(L.1.h)

22.0 Assist patients

with specified

(rehabilitation)

22.01 List the

purposes of a

restorative

needs.

to the class.

Contribute to class

assisting patients with

(rehabilitation) needs,

specified restoration

discussion by way of determining what is

required when

restorative (rehabilitation)	ideas or findings. (R.4.a.)	www.quizlet.com Students will be quizzed on assisting patients with specified restorative (rehabilitation) needs	such as amputation or osteoporosis.
program.	RLA Identify an underlying premise or assumption in an argument and evaluate the logical support and evidence provided. (R.8.a.) RLA Determine the details of what is explicitly stated and make logical inferences or valid claims that square with textual evidence. (W.1.)		Present findings (by way of researching and writing a short report), to support the importance of restorative care and rehabilitation needs. Use graphical and textual information to Explain your findings. Participate in Quizlet.

IET Single Set of Learning Objectives	Competencies
Students will demonstrate knowledge of the healthcare delivery system with simulated conversations with different members of the health team.	01.0 Demonstrate knowledge of the healthcare delivery system and health occupations.
	01.07 Identify characteristics of effective teams
Students will explore methods for building positive team relationships.	
Students will demonstrate the ability to clearly communicate and understand a patient's vital signs with various members of the health team to effectively implement a patient	02.0 Demonstrate the ability to communicate and use interpersonal skills effectively.
care plan.	02.06 use appropriate medical terminology and abbreviations
Students will adhere to appropriate medical terminology and abbreviations used within healthcare.	
Students will research, analyze and justify various legal cases against health institutions	03.0 Demonstrate legal and ethical responsibilities.
against the standards of HIPPA, and legal and ethical responsibilities of a nursing assistant.	03.06 Identify standards of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA)

	04.0 Demonstrate an understanding of and appy wellness and disease concepts 04.02 Identify personal health practices and environmental factors which affect optimal functions of each of the major body systems.
	05.0 Recognize and practice safety and security procedures.05.10 Demonstrate procedures for the safe transport and transfer of patients.
	06.0 Recognize and respond to emergency situations.06.04 Recognize adverse drug related emergencies and take appropriate first aid action.
	07.0 Recognize and practice infection control procedures. 07.04 Describe how to dispose correctly of biohazardous materials according to appropriate government guidelines such as OSHA
	08.0 Demonstrate an understanding of information technology applications in healthcare. 08.04 Interpret information from electronic medical documents
	09.0 Demonstrate employability skills. 09.02 Exemplify basic professional standards of healthcare workers as they apply to hygiene, dress, language, confidentiality, and behavior (i.e. telephone etiquette, courtes and self-introductions)
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whilst grooming patients, including hair, skin, foot, hand and nail care.

15.18 Describe the relationships of body systems when providing patient care.

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Students will be able to identify and describe the significance of applying personal patient		
care and practices when bathing a patient.		
Students will be able to communicate and identify the effective measures needed to		16.0 Perform patient care procedures.
empty a Urinary Drainage Bag, such as monitoring when a bag needs changing.		
		16.11 Monitor and provide urinary catheter care and drainage systems.
Students will communicate the significance of reading and writing urinary measurements		
once they have successfully emptied a Urinary Drainage Bag.		
Students will be able to self-manage, identify and understand sources of nutrients needed		17.0 Apply principles of nutrition.
for a patient's food plan, for example illustrating knowledge of MyPlat food guidance		
system.		17.05 Monitor and document Nutritional Intake.
Students will be able to demonstrate and communicate the importance of monitoring and		
documenting a patient's nutritional intake by identifying the difference in regional,		
cultural and religious food guidelines/preferences.		
		18.0 Provide care for geriatric patients.
Students will read and make sentence-level inferences to show understanding on how to		
provide care for geriatric patients highlighting ways to prevent patient falls.		18.01 Identify and assist with methods and procedures to prevent pressure ulcers.
Students will be able to identify and communicate the importance of preventing pressure		
ulcers/injuries by illustrating ways to adjust patients position in bed and reporting areas of		
redness to the nurse on site.		
students will be able to identify and analyze ways to apply the principles of infection		19.0 Apply the principles of infection control specific to nursing assisting
control through rules of hand hygiene and the significance of disposable supplies and		
equipment.		19.02 Identify the chain of infection.
Students will illustrate understanding of how to identify and communicate the chain of		
infection by way of demonstrating methods of transmitting microbes.		
Students will be able to communicate understanding through role play scenarios on how		20.0 Provide biological, Psychological, and social support.
to offer biological, psychological, and social support to patients.		
		20.1 Discuss family roles and their significance to health.
Students will be able to identify and determine the psychological and spiritual support		
patients receive from family roles and their significance to the patient's health. They will		
acknowledge how each part relates to and depends on the others.		
Students will be able to communicate and evaluate supervised organizational functions		21.0 Perform supervised organizational functions, following the patient care plan
when demonstrating patient partial Bedbath and Backrub that must be followed EXACTLY!		
		21.1 Organize and prioritize patient-care assignments
	V	

