Prealgebra ~ Lesson 25

Work the following examples as you listen to the recorded lecture.

LCD and Equivalent Fractions

Finding the Least Common Denominator (LCD):

- 1. Factor each denominator to primes
- 2. Circle the greatest occurrence of each number in the factorizations
- 3. Multiply the circled numbers

Find the LCD for the following fractions:

Example 1:
$$\frac{2}{9}$$
, $\frac{6}{15}$

Example 2:
$$-\frac{1}{36}, \frac{1}{24}$$

Example 3:
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
, $\frac{1}{14}$, $\frac{13}{20}$

Example 4:
$$-\frac{2}{25}, \frac{3}{15}, \frac{5}{6}$$

Write an equivalent fraction with the given denominator:

Example 5:
$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 = $\frac{24}{24}$

Example 6:
$$\frac{3x}{2} = \frac{12}{12}$$

Example 7:
$$\frac{7}{6}$$
 = $\frac{}{36a}$

Example 8:
$$\frac{4x}{15} = \frac{60}{60}$$