



INSTITUTE FOR THE PROFESSIONAL
DEVELOPMENT OF ADULT EDUCATORS



Algebra Resources

www.floridaipdae.org



BY EDUCATORS FOR EDUCATORS

Perfect go-to site before you view available resources.

"Education is the Key to Growth and Development"

ABE
Adult Basic Education

GED® & AHS
GED® Preparation & AHS High School

ESOL
English for Speakers of Other Languages

AACP
Adult Education Career Pathways

IPDAE WELCOMES EDUCATORS

IPDAE (Institute for the Professional Development of Adult Educators) is a resource center that offers information, training, and professional development resources for adult educators. We work to ensure the development of necessary skills and to assist with AACP (Adult Education Career Pathways).

[Learn More](#)

FEATURED EVENTS

TABS - Test of Adult Basic Education Training

Friday, Apr. 10, 2020
Community Technical and Adult Education Center
This training is for personnel that administer the TABS test.

TIP OF THE WEEK

Did You Know...
Did you know that a lot of math misconceptions if you are thinking of implementing something that, well, innovative and creative in your classroom? Topics range from fractions, assumptions, patterns, fractions, geometry, symmetry and statistics. Our Topic advice are enlightening, and should enough for you to show to others as well as your own growth, discipline, advice.

Math Resources

Prealgebra and Beginning Algebra

Dr. Kim Milner,

IRSC Professor and Department Chair



Resources for algebra

- Handouts with Instructional Videos
- Topics from *Place Value* to *Solving Quadratic Equations*
- Available online as PDF files
- Short, interactive, and focused

*“In order to learn,
one must notice something.”*

Miller, N. E. (1957). Graphic communication and the crisis in education.
Audio Visual Communication Review, 5(3), 3-59.

Beginning Algebra - Lessons Table of Contents		
Lesson	Topic	Pages
1	Symbols and Sets of Numbers	
2	Fractions and Mixed Numbers	
3	Exponents, Order of Operations, Variable Expressions, and Equations	
4	Adding Real Numbers	
5	Subtracting Real Numbers	
6	Multiplying and Dividing Real Numbers	
7	Properties of Real Numbers	
8	Simplifying Algebraic Expressions	
9	Addition Property of Equality	
10	Multiplication Property of Equality	
11	Solving Linear Equations	
12	Addition Property of Equality	
13	Formulas and Problem Solving	
14	Solving Linear Inequalities	
15	Solving Linear Inequalities	
16	Percent and Mixture Problem Solving	
17	Percent and Mixture Problem Solving	
18	Reading Graphs and the Rectangular Coordinate System	2
18-A	Graphing Linear Equations	
18-B	Graphing Linear Equations	2
		2
		3

Prealgebra - Lessons Table of Contents		
Lesson	Topic	Pages
1	Place Value	
2	Adding and Subtracting Whole Numbers and Perimeter	
3	Transition	
4	Rounding and Estimating	
5	Multiplying Whole Numbers and Area	
6	Dividing Whole Numbers	
7	Exponents and Order of Operations	2
8	Variables, Algebraic Expressions, and Equations	
9	Integers	3
10	Adding Integers	
11	Subtracting Integers	2
12	Multiplying and Dividing Integers	3
13	Order of Operations	
14	Simplifying Algebraic Expressions	
15	Solving Equations: Addition and Multiplication Properties	2
16	Solving Equations: Addition and Multiplication Properties	2
17	Solving Linear Equations in One Variable	
18	Linear Equations in One Variable and Problem Solving	
19	Introduction to Fractions and Mixed Numbers	
20	Factors and Simplest Form	
21	Multiplying Fractions	
22	Dividing Fractions	
23	Complex Fractions	
24	Adding/Subtracting Like Fractions	
25	LCD and Equivalent Fractions	
26	Adding/Subtracting Unlike Fractions	
27	Operations on Mixed Numbers	
28	Solving Equations Containing Fractions	
29	Decimals	
30	Adding and Subtracting Decimals	
31	Multiplying Decimals	
32	Dividing Decimals	
33	Fractions and Decimals	
34	Solving Equations Containing Decimals	
35	Ratios and Rates	
36	Proportions	
37	Proportions and Problem Solving	
38	Square Roots and the Pythagorean Theorem	
39	Linear Measurement	
40	Perimeter, Area, and Volume	
41	Percents, Decimals, and Fractions	
42	Solving Percent Problems with Equations	

Complete Lessons:

42 lessons for Prealgebra
44 lessons for Beginning Algebra

Prealgebra ~ Lessons Table of Contents

Lesson	Topic	Pages
1	Place Value	
2	Adding and Subtracting Whole Numbers and Perimeter	
3	Translation	
4	Rounding and Estimating	
5	Multiplying Whole Numbers and Area	
6	Dividing Whole Numbers	
7	Exponents and Order of Operations	2
8	Variables, Algebraic Expressions, and Equations	
9	Integers	
10	Adding Integers	
11	Subtracting Integers	
12	Multiplying and Dividing Integers	
13	Order of Operations	
14	Simplifying Algebraic Expressions	
15	Solving Equations: Addition and Multiplication Properties	
16	Solving Equations: Addition and Multiplication Properties	
17	Solving Linear Equations in One Variable	
18	Linear Equations in One Variable and Problem Solving	
19	Introduction to Fractions and Mixed Numbers	
20	Factors and Simplest Form	
21	Multiplying Fractions	
22	Dividing Fractions	
23	Complex Fractions	
24	Adding/Subtracting Like Fractions	
25	LCD and Equivalent Fractions	
26	Adding /Subtracting Unlike Fractions	
27	Operations on Mixed Numbers	
28	Solving Equations Containing Fractions	
29	Decimals	
30	Adding and Subtracting Decimals	
31	Multiplying Decimals	
32	Dividing Decimals	
33	Fractions and Decimals	
34	Solving Equations Containing Decimals	
35	Ratios and Rates	
36	Proportions	
37	Proportions and Problem Solving	
38	Square Roots and the Pythagorean Theorem	
39	Linear Measurement	
40	Perimeter, Area, and Volume	
41	Percents, Decimals, and Fractions	
42	Solving Percent Problems with Equations	

Beginning Algebra ~ Lessons Table of Contents

Lesson	Topic	Pages
1	Symbols and Sets of Numbers	
2	Fractions and Mixed Numbers	
3	Exponents, Order of Operations, Variable Expressions, and Equations	
4	Adding Real Numbers	
5	Subtracting Real Numbers	
6	Multiplying and Dividing Real Numbers	
7	Properties of Real Numbers	
8	Simplifying Algebraic Expressions	
9	Addition Property of Equality	
10	Multiplication Property of Equality	
11	Solving Linear Equations	
12	Addition Property of Equality	
13	Formulas and Problem Solving	
14	Solving Linear Inequalities	
15	Solving Linear Inequalities	
16	Percent and Mixture Problem Solving	
17	Percent and Mixture Problem Solving	
18	Reading Graphs and the Rectangular Coordinate System	2
18-A	Graphing Linear Equations	
18-B	Graphing Linear Equations	2
18-C	Special lines and Slope	2
19	Intercepts	
20	Slope Intercept Form	2
21	Slope Intercept Form	3
22	Slope and Rate of Change	
23	Proportion and Proportion Applications	
24	Exponents	
25	Negative Exponents and Scientific Notation	
26	Adding and Subtracting Polynomials	
27	Multiplying Polynomials	
28	Special Products	
29	Dividing Polynomials	
30	GCF	
31	The GCF and Factoring by Grouping	
32	Factoring Trinomials of the form $x^2 + bx + c$	3
33	Factoring Trinomials of the form $ax^2 + bx + c$ and Perfect Square Trinomials	3
34	Factoring Binomials	2
35	Factoring Binomials (Cubes)	3
36	Solving Quadratic Equations by Factoring	
37	Simplifying Rational Expressions	2
38	Multiplying and Dividing Rational Exp.	2
39	Introduction to Radicals	
40	Simplifying Radicals	
41	Adding and Subtracting Radicals	

What does a lesson look like?

Handout: PDF

Video: Interactive PDF

Beginning Algebra ~ Lesson 23

Work the following examples as you listen to the recorded lecture.

Proportion Problems

Remember:

Proportion problems look like a fraction equal to another fraction

Solve proportions by cross multiplying.

Do not confuse proportions with multiplying fractions. When multiplying fractions, you cross reduce. When solving proportions, you cross multiply.

Example 1: $\frac{16}{20} = \frac{z}{35}$

Example 2: $\frac{12}{10} = \frac{x}{16}$

Example 3: $\frac{n}{0.6} = \frac{0.05}{12}$

Example 4: $\frac{12}{\frac{3}{4}} = \frac{48}{n}$

Example 5: $\frac{x+1}{3x-4} = \frac{3}{8}$

Example 6: $\frac{11x+2}{3} = \frac{10x-5}{2}$

Beginning Algebra ~ Lesson 23

Work the following examples as you listen to the recorded lecture.

Proportion Problems

Remember:

Proportion problems look like a fraction equal to another fraction ✓

Solve proportions by cross multiplying.

Do not confuse proportions with multiplying fractions. When multiplying fractions, you cross reduce. When solving proportions, you cross multiply.

Example 1: $\frac{16}{20} = \frac{z}{35}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ 5 \end{array} \frac{16}{20} = \frac{z}{35}$$
$$\frac{4}{5} \times \frac{z}{35} = \frac{140}{140}$$
$$5z = 4 \cdot 35$$
$$\frac{5z}{5} = \frac{140}{5}$$
$$z = 28$$

Example 2: $\frac{12}{10} = \frac{x}{16}$

$$\frac{6}{5} \times \frac{x}{16} = \frac{16}{96}$$
$$5x = 6 \cdot 16$$
$$\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{96}{5}$$
$$x = \frac{96}{5}$$

Example 3: $\frac{n}{0.6} = \frac{0.05}{12}$

$$12n = (.6)(.05) \cdot 0.030$$
$$\frac{12n}{12} = \frac{.03}{12}$$
$$n = .0025$$

Example 4: $\frac{12}{\frac{3}{4}} = \frac{48}{n}$

$$12n = \frac{3}{4} \cdot 48$$
$$\frac{12n}{12} = \frac{36}{12}$$
$$n = 3$$

Example 5: $\frac{x+1}{3x-4} = \frac{3}{8}$

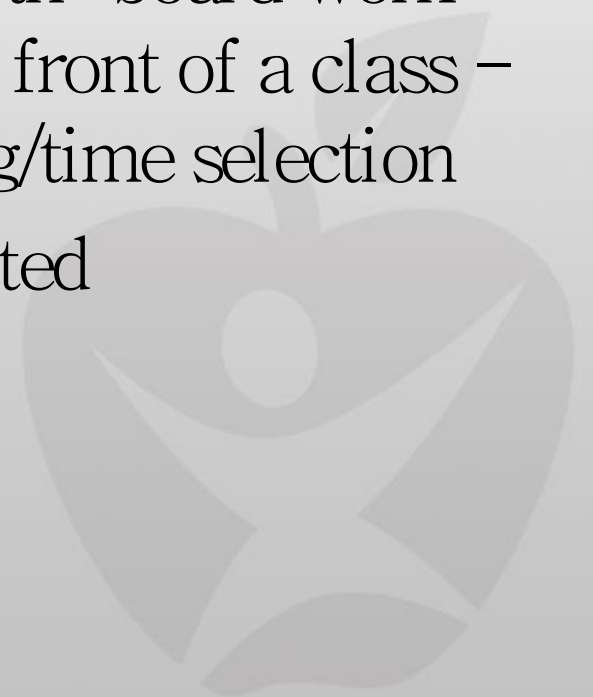
$$8(x+1) = 3(3x-4)$$
$$8x+8 = 9x-12$$
$$-8x \quad -8x$$
$$8 = x-12$$
$$+12 \quad +12$$
$$20 = x$$

Example 6: $\frac{11x+2}{3} = \frac{10x-5}{2}$

$$3(10x-5) = 2(11x+2)$$
$$30x-15 = 22x+4$$
$$-22x \quad -22x$$
$$8x-15 = 4$$
$$+15 \quad +15$$
$$\frac{8x}{8} = \frac{19}{8}$$
$$x = \frac{19}{8}$$

So, How does it work?

- Print the lesson handout
- Take notes and work problems while watching the video instruction
- Video provides audio explanation with "board work" –just like writing on a whiteboard in front of a class – but allows student control and setting/time selection
- “Completed” videos can also be printed



Video Demonstration

Beginning Algebra ~ Lesson 23

Work the following examples as you listen to the recorded lecture.

Proportion Problems

Remember:

Proportion problems look like a fraction equal to another fraction ✓
 Solve proportions by cross multiplying.
 Do not confuse proportions with multiplying fractions. When multiplying fractions, you cross reduce. When solving proportions, you cross multiply.

Example 1: $\frac{4}{5} = \frac{z}{35}$

$$\frac{4}{5} \times \frac{z}{35} = \frac{z}{35} \times \frac{4}{5}$$

$$5z = 4 \cdot 35$$

$$5z = 140$$

$$\frac{5z}{5} = \frac{140}{5}$$

$$z = 28$$

Example 2: $\frac{6}{5} = \frac{x}{16}$

$$\frac{6}{5} \times \frac{x}{16} = \frac{x}{16} \times \frac{6}{5}$$

$$5x = 6 \cdot 16$$

$$\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{96}{5}$$

$$x = \frac{96}{5}$$

Example 3: $\frac{n}{0.6} = \frac{0.05}{12}$

$$12n = (0.6)(0.05)$$

$$12n = 0.03$$

$$\frac{12n}{12} = \frac{0.03}{12}$$

$$n = 0.0025$$

Example 4: $\frac{12}{3} = \frac{48}{n}$

$$12n = 3 \cdot 48$$

$$12n = 144$$

$$\frac{12n}{12} = \frac{144}{12}$$

$$n = 12$$

Example 5: $\frac{x+1}{3x-4} = \frac{3}{8}$

$$8(x+1) = 3(3x-4)$$

$$8x+8 = 9x-12$$

$$-8x = x-12$$

$$+12 = x-12+12$$

$$20 = x$$

Example 6: $\frac{11x+2}{3} = \frac{10x-5}{2}$

$$3(10x-5) = 2(11x+2)$$

$$30x-15 = 22x+4$$

$$-22x = 22x-22x$$

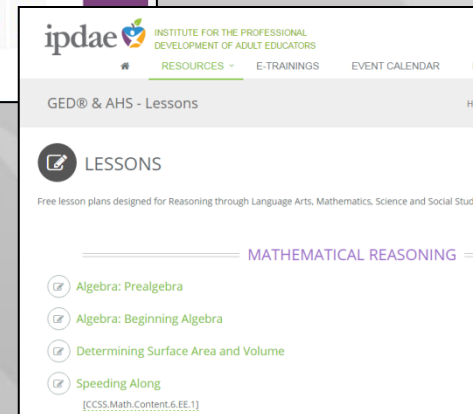
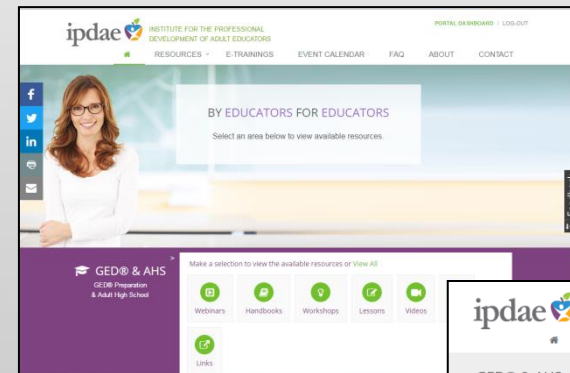
$$8x-15 = 4$$

$$+15 = 4+15$$

$$\frac{8x}{8} = \frac{19}{8}$$

$$x = \frac{19}{8}$$

- Floridaipdae.org
- GED & AHS
- Lessons



Multiplication Property of Equality

Remember -

1. We can multiply or divide both sides of an equation by the same number.
2. Division by the coefficient of the variable is usually the final step in solving an equation.

Steps for solving equations:

1. **Simply each side** of the equation by distributing multiplication and/or combining like terms.
2. Get the **variable terms to the same side** by **adding or subtracting** the smaller term.
3. Get rid of **any number** that is **added or subtracted on the side with the variable** by performing the **opposite operation**.
4. **Divide both sides** by the **coefficient** of the variable.

Solve:

Example 1: $-7x = -49$
 $\frac{-7x}{-7} = \frac{-49}{-7}$
 $x = 7$

Example 3: $-x + 4 = -24$
 $\frac{-x + 4}{-1} = \frac{-24}{-1}$
 $x = 28$

Example 5: $4a + 1a = -1 + 3a$
 $5a = -1 + 3a$
 $5a - 3a = -1 + 3a - 3a$
 $2a = -1$
 $\frac{2a}{2} = \frac{-1}{2}$
 $a = -\frac{1}{2}$

Example 7: $4p - 11 = 2p + 20$
 $4p - 11 - 2p = 2p + 20 - 2p$
 $2p - 11 = 20$
 $2p - 11 + 11 = 20 + 11$
 $2p = 31$
 $\frac{2p}{2} = \frac{31}{2}$
 $p = \frac{31}{2}$

Example 2: $3x - 1 = 24$
 $\frac{3x - 1}{3} = \frac{24}{3}$
 $x = 9$

Example 4: $8t + 6 = 5$
 $\frac{8t + 6}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$
 $t = 0$

Example 6: $8 + 4 = -6(5x - 2)$
 $12 = -30x + 12$
 $12 - 12 = -30x + 12 - 12$
 $0 = -30x$
 $0 = x$

Example 8: $-19 + 7d = -5(x + 3)$
 $-19 + 7d = -5x - 15$
 $-19 + 7d + 15 = -5x - 15 + 15$
 $-4 + 7d = -5x$
 $-4 + 7d + 4 = -5x + 4$
 $7d = -5x + 4$
 $\frac{7d}{7} = \frac{-5x + 4}{7}$
 $d = \frac{-5x + 4}{7}$

How are these resources used?

Supplemental

When students need a little extra help understanding or remembering

Flipping

Introduce students to material before they come to class

Student Review

Quick student review of important procedures and concept

Backup

- >Absent
- >Hospital/homebound
- >Alternative Schools

Teacher Support

Brush up on unfamiliar topics, procedures, and concepts

Prepare students for college math!

Contact information:

Dr. Kim Milner

Indian River State College

kmilner@irsc.edu

