ipdae Standards Matrix

T			English for Speakers of Other Language Standards					
			ELPS Level ESL Level	1 2	2	3 4	4 5	5
	1	An ELL can construct meaning from oral presentations and literary and informational text through level appropriate listening, reading, and viewing.		use a very limited set of strategies to identify a few key words and phrases in oral communications and simple spoken and written texts.	use an emerging set of strategies to - identify the main topic in oral presentations and simple spoken and written texts - retell a few key details.	By the end of level #, an ELL can use a developing set of strategies to - determine a central idea or threme in oral presentations and spoken and written texts - retell key details - answer questions about key details - expain how the theme is developed by specific details in texts - summarize part of a text.	use an increasing range of strategies to - determine a central idea or theme in oral presentations and spoken and written texts - analyze the development of the themes/ideas - oite specific details and evidence from texts to support the analysis - summarize a text.	use a wide range of strategies to - determine central ideas or themes in oral presentations and spoken and written texts - analyze the development of the themes/ideas - oite specific details and evidence from texts to support the analysis - summarize a text.
	2	An ELL can participate in level appropriate oral and written exchanges of information, ideas, and analyses, in various social and academic contexts, responding to peer, audience, or reader comments and questions.		- actively listen to others - participate in short conversations and written exchanges about familiar topics and in familiar contexts - present simple information - respond to simple yes/no questions and some wh-questions.	 participate in short conversations and written exchanges about familiar topics and texts, present information and ideas, appropriately take turns in interactions with others, and respond to simple questions and wh- questions. 	 participate in conversations, discussions, and written exchanges about familiar topics, texts, and issues; build on the ideas of drhers; axis and answer relevant questions; axis and answer relevant question; axis and answer relevant question; axis questions to gain information or clarify understanding. 	 participate in conversations, discussions, and witten exchanges about a range of topics, texts, and issues; build on the ideas of others; express his other own ideas; clearly support points with specific and relevant evidence; ask and answer questions to clarify ideas and conclusions; and summarize the key points expressed. 	- participate in conversations, extended discussions, and written exchanges about a range of substantive topics, texts, and issues; - build on the ideas of others; - express his of her own ideas clearly and persuasively; - refer to specific and relevant evidence from texts or research to support his or her ideas; - ask and answer questions that probe reasoning and claims; and - summarize the key points and evidence discussed.
	3	An ELL can speak and write about level- appropriate complex literary and informational texts and topics.		with support: - communicate information and feelings about familiar texts, topics, and experiences.	with support: - deliver short oral presentations and - compose simple written narratives or informational texts about familiar texts, topics, experiences, or events.	with support: - deliver short oral presentations, - compose written informational texts, and - develop the topic with a few details about familiar texts, topics, or events.	 deliver oral presentations; compose written informational texts; develop the topic with some relevant details, concepts, examples, and information; and integrate graphics or multimedia when useful about a variety of texts, topics, or events. 	 deliver oral presentations; compose written informational texts; fully develop the topic with relevant details, concepts, examples, and information; and integrate graphics or multimedia when useful about a variety of texts, topics, or events.
	4	An ELL can construct level-appropriate oral and written claims and support them with reasoning and evidence.		 express an opinion about a familiar topic, experience or event and give a reason for the opinion. 	 construct a claim about familiar topics, experiences, or events; introduce the topic, experience, or event; give a reason to support the claim; and provide a concluding statement. 	 construct a claim about familiar topics, introduce the topic, provide sufficient reasons or facts to support the claim, and provide a concluding statement. 	 construct a claim about a variety of topics, - Inroduce the topic, - provide logically ordered reasons or facts that effectively support the claim, and - provide a concluding statement. 	 construct a substantive claim about a variety of topics, - Introduce the claim, distinguish if from a counter-claim, provide logically ordered and relevant reasons and evidence to support the claim and to refute the counter-claim, and provide a conclusion that summarizes the argument presented.
English Language Proficiency Anchor Standards	5	An ELL can conduct research and evaluate and communicate findings to answer questions or solve problems.		with support: - carry out short, shared research projects; - gather information from a few provided print and digital sources; - label collected information, experiences, or events; and recall information from experience or from a provided source.	with support: - carry out short individual or shared research projects, - gather information from provided print and digital sources, - record information in simple notes, and - summarize data and information.	with support: - carry out short research projects to answer a question; - gather information from multiple provided print and digata sources; - paraphrase key information in a short witten or oral report; - include illustrations, diagrams, or other graphics as appropriate; and - provide a list of sources.	 carry out both short and more sustained research projects to answer a question; gather information from multiple print and digital sources; use search terme effectively; use search terme effectively; integrate information from multiple print and digital sources; integrate information, indo an organized oral or written report; and include illustrations, diagrams, or other graphics as appropriately. 	 carry out both short and more sustained research projects to answer a question or solve a problem; qather information from multiple print and digital sources; evaluate the reliability of each source: - use advanced search terms effectively; synthesize information from multiple print and digital sources; analyze and integrate information into clearly organized spoken and written texts; include illustrations, diagrams, or other graphics as appropriately.
English L	6	An ELL can analyze and critique the arguments of others orally and in writing.		with support: - identify a point an author or a speaker makes.	with support: - identify the main argument an author or speaker makes - identify one reason an author or a speaker gives to support the argument.	with support: - explain the reasons an author or a speaker gives to support a claim - identify one or two reasons an author or a speaker gives to support the main point.	 analyze the reasoning in persuasive spoken and written texts determine whether the evidence is sufficient to support the claim cite textual evidence to support the analysis. 	 analyze and evaluate the reasoning in persuasive spoken and written texts determine whether the evidence is sufficient to support the claim cite specific textual evidence to thoroughly support the analysis.
-	7	An ELL can adapt language choices to purpose, task, and audience when speaking and writing.		show emerging awareness of differences between informal and formal language user – recognize the meaning of some words learned through conversations, reading, and being read to.		 adapt language choices and style according to purpose, task, and audience with developing ease in various social and academic contexts use an increasing number of general academic and content-specific words and expressions in spoken and written texts show developing control of style and tone in spoken and written texts. 	 adapt language choices and style according to purpose, task, and audience in various social and academic contexts use a wider range of complex general academic and content - specific words and phrases adopt and maintain a formal and informal style and tone in spoken and written texts, as appropriate. 	 adapt language choices and style according to purpose, task, and audience with ease in various social and academic contexts use a wide variety of complex general academic and content-specific words and phrases employ both formal and more informal styles and tones effectively in spoken and written texts, as appropriate.
-	8	An ELL can determine the meaning of words and phrases in oral presentations and literary and informational text.		relying heavily on context, questioning, and knowledge of morphology in their native language(s): - recognize the meaning of a few frequently occurring words, simple phrases, and formulair expressions in spoken and written texts about familiar topics, experiences, or events.	using context, questioning, and knowledge of morphology in their native language(s): - determine the meaning of frequently occurring words, phrases, and expressions in spoken and written texts about familiar topics, experiences, or events.	using context, questioning, and a developing knowledge of English and their native language(s) morphology: - determine the meaning of general academic and content-specific words and phrases and frequently occurring expressions in spoken and written texts about familiar topics, experiences, or events.	using context, questioning, and an increasing knowledge of English morphology: - determine the meaning of general academic and content-specific words and phrases, figurative and connotative language, and a growing number of idiomatic expressions in spoken and written texts about a variety of topics, experiences, or events.	using context, questioning, and consistent knowledge of English morphology: - determine the meaning of general academic and content-specific words and phrases, figurative and connotative language, and idiomatic expressions in spoken and written texts about a variety of topics, experiences, or events.
-	9	An ELL can create clear and coherent lavel- appropriate speech and text.		with support: - communicate basic information about an event or topic - use a narrow range of vocabulary and syntactically simple sentences.	with support: - recount a short sequence of events in order - introduce an informational topic - provide one or two facts about the topic - use common linking words to connect events and ideas.	with support: - recount a sequence of events, with a beginning, middle, and end - introduce and develop an informational topic with facts and details - use common transitional words and phrases to connect events, ideas, and opinions - provide a conclusion.	 recount a longer, more detailed sequence of events or steps in a process, with a clear sequential or chronological structure - introduce and develop an informational topic with facts, details, and evidence use a variety of more complex transitions to link the major sections of speech and text and to - clarify relationships among events and ideas provide a concluding section or statement. 	 recount a complex and detailed sequence of events or steps in a process, with an effective sequential or chronological order introduce and effectively develop an informational topic with facts, details, and evidence use complex and varied transitions to limk the major sections of speech and text and to clarify relationships among events and ideas provide a concluding section or statement.
-	10	An ELL can demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English to communicate in level-appropriate speech and writing.		with support: - recognize and use a small number of frequently occurring nouns, noun phrases, verbs, conjunctions, and prepositions - understand and respond to simple questions.	with support: - use frequently occurring verbs, nouns, adjectives, adverbs, prepositions, and conjunctions - produce simple and compound sentences.	with support: - use simple phrases - use simple clauses - produce and expand simple, compound, and a few complex sentences.	 use increasingly complex phrases use increasingly complex clauses produce and expand simple, compound, and complex sentences. 	 use complex phrases and clauses produce and expand simple, compound, and complex sentences.