


INSTITUTE FOR THE PROFESSIONAL  
DEVELOPMENT OF ADULT EDUCATORS

## Mathematics Through the Lens of CCRS

January 16, 2019


[www.floridaipdae.org](http://www.floridaipdae.org)

This training event is supported with federal funds as appropriated to the Florida Department of Education, Division of Career and Adult Education for the provision of state leadership professional development activities.




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### Your Facilitator

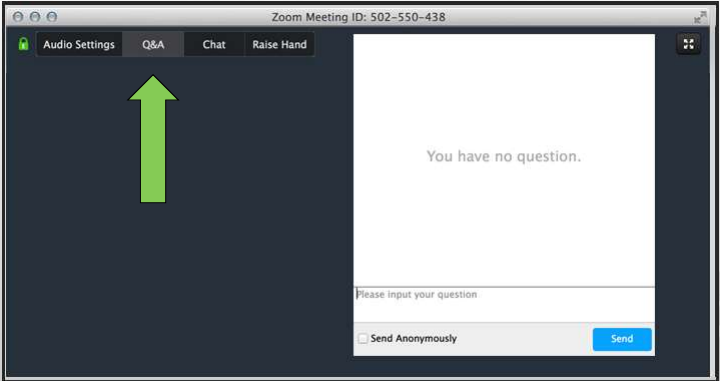


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 Webinar **Things to Remember**


- If you have a question, please type it into the **Q&A** option.




- Attendee microphones will be muted. You will be in **listen only** mode.
- Today's presentation is being **recorded**. It will be archived and available on the IPDAE website within 48 hours.

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 **Agenda**

- Why CCRS?
- Shifts in the Standards
  - Focus
  - Coherence
  - Rigor



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Why CCRS

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Y9FOyoS3Fag>

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Why CCRS

### Periods of Disruption in the Labor Market

<p><b>Early 18th Century Agricultural Revolution</b></p> <p><a href="https://www.quora.com">https://www.quora.com</a></p>	<p><a href="https://searchinginhistory.blogspot.com">https://searchinginhistory.blogspot.com</a></p> <p><b>Early 20th Century Industrial Revolution</b></p>
<p><b>Mid 20th Century Digital Revolution</b></p> <p><a href="https://novaonline.nvcc.edu">https://novaonline.nvcc.edu</a></p>	<p><a href="http://www.orissapost.com">http://www.orissapost.com</a></p> <p><b>Early 21st Century Information Revolution</b></p>

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Why CCRS

According to the World Economic Forum:


- 7.1 million jobs could be lost by 2020
- White collar, office and administrative positions will be severely impacted

**8 Jobs that will be in-demand by 2020:**

- Data Analysts
- Computer and Mathematical Jobs
- Architects and Engineering Jobs
- Specialized Sales People
- Senior Managers (specializing in company transformations)
- Product Designers
- Human Resources and Organizational Development
- Regulatory and Government Relations

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Why CCRS

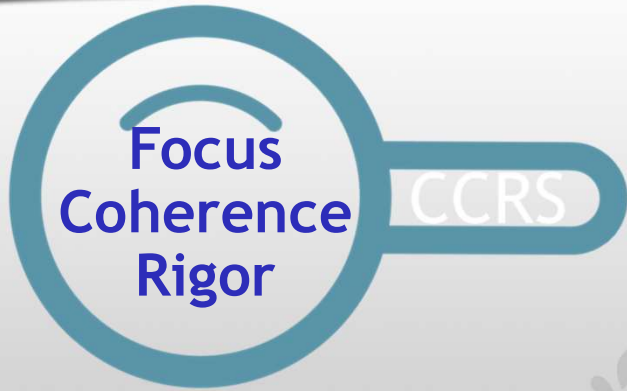
**Skill Sets**

- **Hard Skills** - programming, writing, mathematics, accounting
- **Soft Skills** - communication, critical thinking, empathy, leadership and conflict resolution
- **Transferrable Skills** - can apply to many different career fields. These include soft skills like critical thinking and problem solving, or hard skills such as writing and math ability.
- **Job-Specific Skills** - are those necessary for a particular position.

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## SHIFTS IN THE STANDARDS

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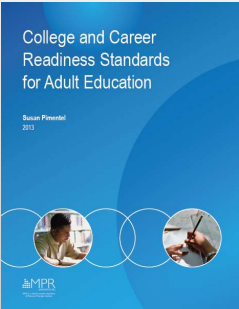


Focus

*Focusing strongly where the standards focus*

Instructors need to:

- narrow significantly and to deepen the manner in which they teach mathematics
- focus deeply on the major work of each level
- select priority content which addresses clear understanding



Workbook

**P. 3**

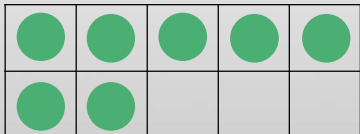
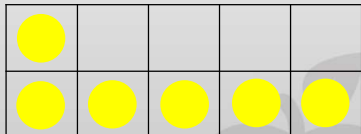
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Focus: Numeracy

Instructors need to use the concept of place value to explain why the strategies for the 4 basic operations work.

$$7 + 6 = 10 + 3 = 13$$



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P. 3

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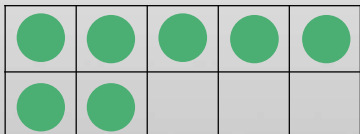
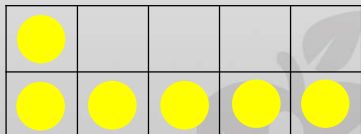
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Focus: Numeracy

Instructors need to use the concept of place value to explain why the strategies for the 4 basic operations work.


**Concept of Base 10**

$$7 + 6 = 10 + 3 = 13$$



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P. 3

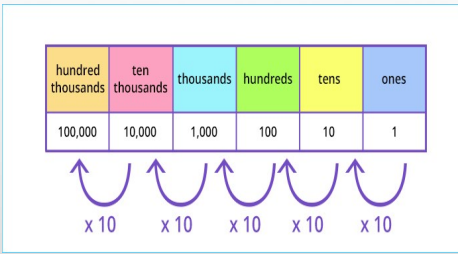
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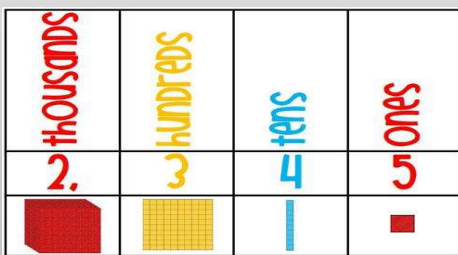
Focus: Place Value



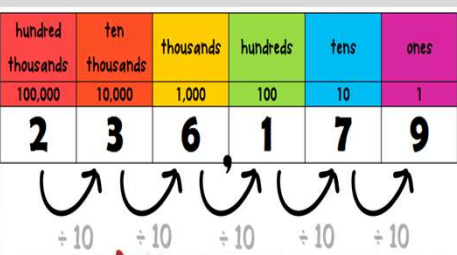
<https://www.splashmath.com>




<https://www.youtube.com/>



<http://langevingradefive.weebly.com/>




<https://katyisd.instructure.com/>




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Focus: Place Value

Decimal to the *right*




[https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t\\_RCTcqa5U](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t_RCTcqa5U)


Focus: Numeracy

Instructors need to emphasize numeracy early leading to a deeper understanding of the properties of operations.

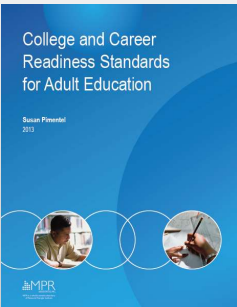
<b>Commutative</b> $5 + 3 = 3 + 5$ $24 \cdot 3 = 3 \cdot 24$		<b>Associative</b> $(5+3)+1 = 5+(3+1)$ $(5 \cdot 3) \cdot 1 = 5 \cdot (3 \cdot 1)$	
<b>Identity</b> $7 + 0 = 7$ $2 \cdot 1 = 2$	<b>Inverse</b> $7 - 7 = 0$ $2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} = 1$	<b>Distributive</b> $3(5+2) = (3 \cdot 5) + (3 \cdot 2)$ $(8+6) \cdot 4 = (8 \cdot 4) + (6 \cdot 4)$	


Coherence

*Designing learning around coherent progressions from level to level*

Instructors need to:

- create coherent progressions in the content within and across levels
- establish strong conceptual understanding of core content
- use standards at higher levels as extensions of previous learning rather than signaling a new concept or idea



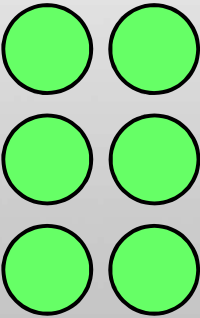
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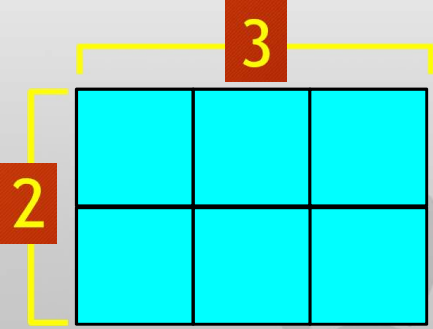
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Coherence: Multiplication and Area

Teach Numeracy, Algebra and Geometry altogether when introducing the concept of multiplication.

$$2 \cdot 3 = 6$$


$$A = L \cdot W$$


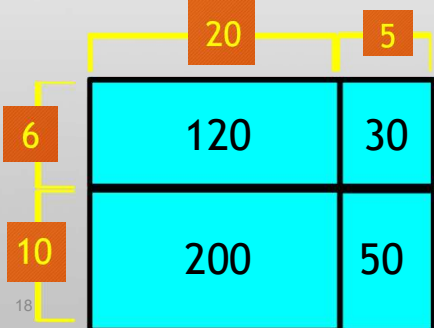
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Coherence: Multiplication and Area

Reinforce the concept of place value, distributive property and areas to teach the skill of 2-digit by 2 digit multiplication using the concept of composite areas.


$$16 \cdot 25 = (10+6) \cdot (20+5) = 400$$


$$\begin{array}{r} 120 \\ 200 \\ 30 \\ + 50 \\ \hline 400 \end{array}$$

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Your Turn


Teachers Pay Teachers

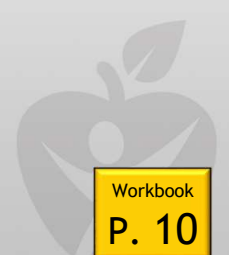


**Sydney Hebert**

125 Followers

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<p>1. <math>32 \times 42 =</math></p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 100px; height: 100px; margin: 5px;"></div>	<p>5. <math>19 \times 41 =</math></p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 100px; height: 100px; margin: 5px;"></div>
<p>2. <math>54 \times 28 =</math></p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 100px; height: 100px; margin: 5px;"></div>	<p>6. <math>43 \times 42 =</math></p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 100px; height: 100px; margin: 5px;"></div>
<p>3. <math>61 \times 24 =</math></p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 100px; height: 100px; margin: 5px;"></div>	<p>7. <math>55 \times 28 =</math></p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 100px; height: 100px; margin: 5px;"></div>
<p>4. <math>17 \times 62 =</math></p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 100px; height: 100px; margin: 5px;"></div>	<p>8. <math>65 \times 33 =</math></p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 100px; height: 100px; margin: 5px;"></div>



Workbook

**P. 10**

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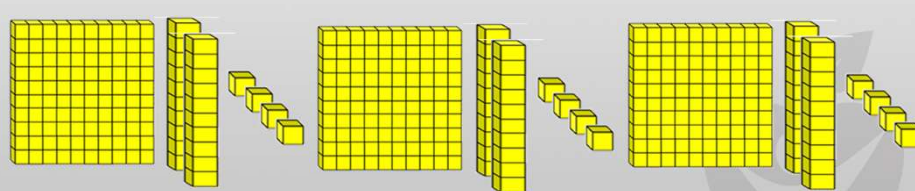
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Coherence: Multiplication

Use visual strategies so students can see and analyze what is happening during multiplication.

## Multiplication with Regrouping

# 124 · 3



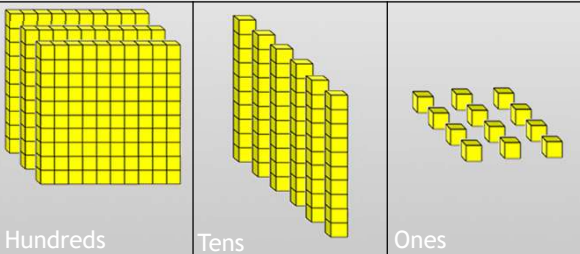
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Coherence: Multiplication

## Multiplication with Regrouping

$$124 \cdot 3 = (100+20+4) \cdot 3 = 372$$


Hundreds	Tens	Ones
100	20	4

$$\begin{array}{r}
 100 \times 3 = 300 \\
 20 \times 3 = 60 \\
 + \quad 4 \times 3 = 12 \\
 \hline
 372
 \end{array}$$

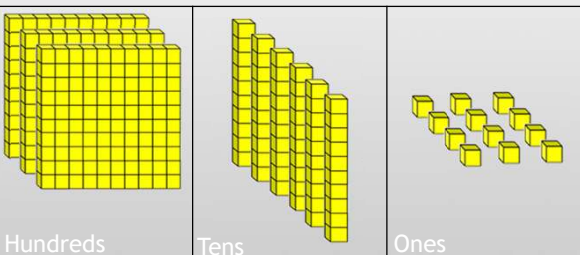
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Coherence: Multiplication

## Multiplication with Regrouping

$$124 \times 3 = (100+20+4) \times 3 = 372$$


Hundreds	Tens	Ones
100	20	4

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \text{Hundreds} \quad \text{Tens} \quad \text{Ones} \\
 1 \quad 2 \quad 4 \\
 \times \quad \quad 3 \\
 \hline
 3 \quad 7 \quad 2
 \end{array}$$

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Coherence: Multi-Digit Multiplication

$$\begin{array}{r}
 124 \\
 \times 13 \\
 \hline
 1372 \\
 + 1240 \\
 \hline
 1612
 \end{array}$$

Why do we add a zero here?

$$\begin{array}{r}
 124 \\
 \times 13 \\
 \hline
 1372 \\
 + 124 \\
 \hline
 1612
 \end{array}$$

Why do we align the digits like this?



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Coherence: Multi-Digit Multiplication

$$\begin{array}{r}
 124 \\
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Why do we align the digits like this?



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Coherence: Multi-Digit Multiplication

## 2-Digit by 3-Digit Multiplication

$124 \times 13 =$

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Coherence: Multi-Digit Multiplication

Instructors need to use the concept of place value to explain why the strategies for the 4 basic operations work.

$124 \times 13 = (100+20+4) \cdot (10+3)$   
 $(100+20+4) \cdot 10 + (100+20+4) \cdot 3$


This explains why this zero appears in the algorithm.

Thousands  
Hundreds  
Tens  
Ones

1 2 4  
x 1 3  
-----  
3 7 2  
+ 1 2 4 0  
-----  
1 6 1 2

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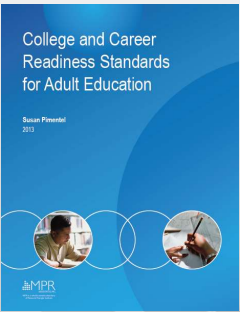
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Rigor

*Pursuing conceptual understanding, procedural skill and fluency, and application—all with equal intensity*

Instructors need to:


- focus equally on conceptual understanding of **key concepts**, **procedural skill and fluency**, and rigorous **application of mathematics** in real-world contexts.
- show mathematics as more than just a set of procedures
- teach more than just “how to get the answer”



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**P. 11**

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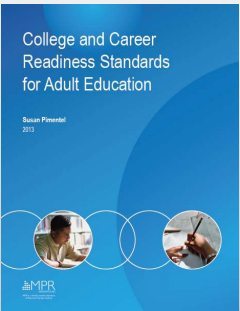
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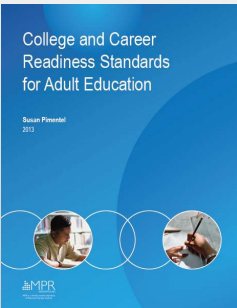


Rigor

*Pursuing conceptual understanding, procedural skill and fluency, and application—all with equal intensity*

Instructors need to:


- employ concepts from several perspectives
- demonstrate and develop the use of appropriate concepts and procedures, even when not prompted, and in content areas outside of mathematics



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**P. 11**

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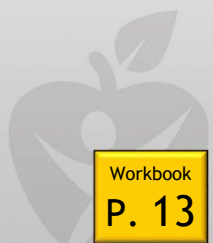
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Rigor: Multiplication of Fractions

## Application Problem

A cupcake recipe asks for  $\frac{3}{4}$  of a cup of butter. Tony wants to make  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the original recipe. How many cups of butter will Tony need?

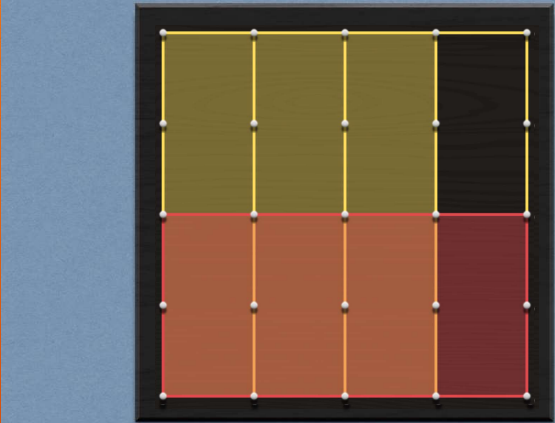



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A cupcake recipe asks for  $\frac{3}{4}$  of a cup of butter. Tony wants to make  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the original recipe. How many cups of butter will Tony need?



$$\frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{8}$$


<https://apps.mathlearningcenter.org/geoboard/>

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Rigor: Multiplication of Fractions

Use the visual method of multiplying fractions to solve:

$$\frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{4} =$$

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Use the visual method of multiplying fractions to solve:

$$\frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{4} =$$

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**Million Dollar Question:** When dividing fraction, why do we change the operation to division and flip (or find the reciprocal of) the second fraction?

$$\frac{3}{4} \div \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{2}{1} = \frac{6}{4} = 1 \frac{1}{2}$$

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## Application Problem

When building his deck, John needed several decking boards  $\frac{1}{3}$  ft in length. How many  $\frac{1}{3}$  ft decking boards can he make by cutting a 6ft decking board sold at a local hardware?

A couple of days later, John needed some decking boards  $\frac{2}{3}$  ft in length. How many  $\frac{2}{3}$  ft decking boards can he make if he bought the same 6ft decking board sold at the local hardware?

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## Application Problem

When building his deck, John needed several decking boards  $\frac{1}{3}$  ft in length. How many  $\frac{1}{3}$  ft decking boards can he make by cutting a 6ft decking board sold at a local hardware?

$$6 \div \frac{1}{3} = 6 \cdot \frac{3}{1} = \frac{6}{1} \cdot \frac{3}{1} = \frac{18}{1} = 18$$


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P. 15

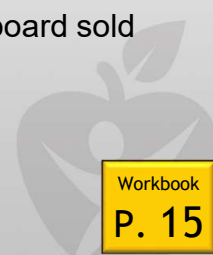
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## Extend Your Learning

Using the same technique, solve the second part of the word problem:

A couple of days later, John needed some decking boards  $\frac{2}{3}$  ft in length. How many  $\frac{2}{3}$  ft decking boards can he make if he bought the same 6ft decking board sold at the local hardware?

  
Workbook  
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- Additional Worksheets
- Enlarged Images
- Visual Aids
- Activity Instructions
- Steps in Problem Solving
- Geoboard Template
- Colored Counters Template
- Lapboard Template
- Links to Videos
- Links to Resources
- Other Instructional Strategies


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IPDAE Resources

<http://floridaipdae.org/>



- ✓ Workshops
- ✓ New TABE E-Learning Modules
- ✓ Lesson Plans (aligned to the standards)
- ✓ Grab and Gos (videos)
- ✓ Webinar Wednesdays
- ✓ Toolkits
- ✓ Florida's Instructor Handbook for GED® Preparation
- ✓ **ABE Math Curriculum Matrix**
- ✓ **TABE Overlays to the ABE Math Matrix**



- **GED Performance Level Descriptors Matrix**
- **ABE Learning Objects**

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